CMS Manual System	Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS)
Pub 100-03 Medicare National Coverage Determinations	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
Transmittal 10179	Date: June 10, 2020
	Change Request 11660

Transmittals 217 dated March 13, 2020, are being rescinded and replaced by Transmittals 10179 dated, June 10, 2020 to update numbering in the NCD manual to align with the final decision memorandum. All other information remains the same.

SUBJECT: NCD (20.32) Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement (TAVR)

I. SUMMARY OF CHANGES: The purpose of this change request (CR) is to inform MACs that effective June 21, 2019, CMS will continue to cover TAVR under Coverage with Evidence Development (CED) when the procedure is furnished for the treatment of symptomatic aortic stenosis and according to an FDA approved indication for use with an approved device, in addition to the coverage criteria outlined in the NCD Manual.

The Federal government creates NCDs that are binding on the MACs who review and/or adjudicate claims, make coverage determinations, and/or payment decisions, and also binds quality improvement organizations, qualified independent contractors, the Medicare appeals council, and Administrative Law Judges (ALJs) (see 42 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) section 405.1060(a)(4) (2005)). An NCD that expands coverage is also binding on a Medicare advantage organization. In addition, an ALJ may not review an NCD. (See section 1869(f)(1)(A)(i) of the Social Security Act.)

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 21, 2019

*Unless otherwise specified, the effective date is the date of service. IMPLEMENTATION DATE: June 12, 2020

Disclaimer for manual changes only: The revision date and transmittal number apply only to red italicized material. Any other material was previously published and remains unchanged. However, if this revision contains a table of contents, you will receive the new/revised information only, and not the entire table of contents.

II. CHANGES IN MANUAL INSTRUCTIONS: (N/A if manual is not updated) R=REVISED, N=NEW, D=DELETED-*Only One Per Row.*

R/N/D CHAPTER / SECTION / SUBSECTION / TITLE			
R	1/20.32/ Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement (TAVR)		

III. FUNDING:

For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

IV. ATTACHMENTS:

Business Requirements Manual Instruction

Attachment - Business Requirements

Pub. 100-03	Transmittal: 10179	Date: June 10, 2020	Change Request: 11660
		······································	

Transmittals 217 dated March 13, 2020, are being rescinded and replaced by Transmittals 10179 dated, June 10, 2020 to update numbering in the NCD manual to align with the final decision memorandum. All other information remains the same.

SUBJECT: NCD (20.32) Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement (TAVR)

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 21, 2019 *Unless otherwise specified, the effective date is the date of service. **IMPLEMENTATION DATE: June 12, 2020**

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Background: Transcatheter aortic valve replacement (TAVR - also known as TAVI or transcatheter aortic valve implantation) is used in the treatment of aortic stenosis. A bioprosthetic valve is inserted percutaneously using a catheter and implanted in the orifice of the aortic valve.

B. Policy: On June 21, 2019, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued a National Coverage Determination (NCD) to continue covering TAVR under Coverage with Evidence Development (CED). When the procedure is furnished for the treatment of symptomatic aortic stenosis and according to a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication for use with an approved device, CED requires that each patient be entered into a qualified national registry. The NCD lists criteria for the physician operators and hospitals that must be met prior to beginning a TAVR program and after a TAVR program is established.

For uses that are not expressly listed as an FDA-approved indication, patients must be enrolled in qualifying clinical studies. All clinical research study protocols must address pre-specified research questions, adhere to standards of scientific integrity and be reviewed and approved by CMS. Approved studies will be posted to the CMS website at https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coverage/Coverage-with-Evidence-Development/index.html. The process for submitting a clinical research study to Medicare is outlined in the NCD.

TAVR is not covered for patients in whom existing co-morbidities would preclude the expected benefit from correction of the aortic stenosis.

II. BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS TABLE

Number	Requirement	Responsibility								
			A/B	5	D		Sha	red-	-	Other
		Ν	MA	2	Μ		Sys	tem	l	
				-	Е	Μ	aint	aine	ers	
		Α	В	Η		F	Μ	V	C	
				Η	Μ	Ι	С	Μ	W	
				Η	А	S	S	S	F	
					С	S				
11660 -	Effective for claims with dates of service on and after	Х	Х							
03.1	June 21, 2019, contractors shall cover TAVR through									
	Coverage with Evidence Development (CED) when									

"Shall" denotes a mandatory requirement, and "should" denotes an optional requirement.

Number	Requirement	quirement Responsibility																
		A/B MAC												Shared- System Maintainers				Other
		A	В	H H H	M A C	F I S S	С	Μ	C W F									
	the procedure is furnished for the treatment of symptomatic aortic stenosis and according to an FDA approved indication for use with an approved device, in addition to the coverage criteria outlined in Pub 100-03, chapter 1, section 20.32 of the NCD Manual and chapter 32, section 290, Medicare Claims Processing Manual.																	

III. PROVIDER EDUCATION TABLE

Number	Requirement		Responsib					
		A/B D			D	C		
		1	MAG	2	Μ	E		
					Ε	Γ		
		Α	В	Η		I		
				Η	Μ			
				Η	A			
11110					C			
11660 - 03.2	MLN Article: CMS will make available an MLN Matters provider education article that will be marketed through the MLN Connects weekly newsletter shortly after the CR is released. MACs shall follow IOM Pub. No. 100-09 Chapter 6, Section 50.2.4.1, instructions for distributing MLN Connects information to providers, posting the article or a direct link to the article on your website, and including the article or a direct link to the article in your bulletin or newsletter. You may supplement MLN Matters articles with localized information benefiting your provider community in billing and administering the Medicare program correctly. Subscribe to the "MLN Matters" listserv to get article release notifications, or review them in the MLN Connects weekly newsletter.	X	X					

IV. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Section A: Recommendations and supporting information associated with listed requirements: N/A

"Should" denotes a recommendation.

X-Ref	Recommendations or other supporting information:
Requirement	
Number	

Section B: All other recommendations and supporting information: N/A

V. CONTACTS

Pre-Implementation Contact(s): Wanda Belle, 410-786-7491 or Wanda.Belle@cms.hhs.gov (Coverage and Analysis), Sarah Fulton, 410-786-2749 or Sarah.Fulton@cms.hhs.gov (Coverage and Analysis), Kimberly Long, 410-786-5702 or Kimberly.Long@cms.hhs.gov (Coverage and Analysis), Patricia Brocato-Simons, 410-786-0261 or Patricia.BrocatoSimons@cms.hhs.gov (Coverage and Analysis), Cami DiGiacomo, 410-786-5888 or Cami.DiGiacomo@cms.hhs.gov (Institutional Claims), Thomas Dorsey, 410-786-7434 or Thomas.Dorsey@cms.hhs.gov (Professional Claims)

Post-Implementation Contact(s): Contact your Contracting Officer's Representative (COR).

VI. FUNDING

Section A: For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

ATTACHMENTS: 0

A. General

Transcatheter aortic valve replacement (TAVR - also known as TAVI or transcatheter aortic valve implantation) is used in the treatment of aortic stenosis. A bioprosthetic valve is inserted percutaneously using a catheter and implanted in the orifice of the aortic valve.

B. Nationally Covered Indications

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) covers transcatheter aortic valve replacement (TAVR) under Coverage with Evidence Development (CED) with the following conditions:

A. TAVR is covered for the treatment of symptomatic aortic valve stenosis when furnished according to a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication and when all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The procedure is furnished with a complete aortic valve and implantation system that has received FDA premarket approval (PMA) for that system's FDA approved indication.
- 2. The patient (preoperatively and postoperatively) is under the care of a heart team: a cohesive, multidisciplinary, team of medical professionals. The heart team concept embodies collaboration and dedication across medical specialties to offer optimal patient-centered care. *The heart team includes the following:*
 - a. Cardiac surgeon and an interventional cardiologist experienced in the care and treatment of aortic stenosis who have:
 - *i. independently examined the patient face-to-face, evaluated the patient's suitability for surgical aortic valve replacement (SAVR), TAVR or medical or palliative therapy;*
 - *ii. documented and made available to the other heart team members the rationale for their clinical judgment.*
 - b. Providers from other physician groups as well as advanced patient practitioners, nurses, research personnel and administrators.
- 3. The heart team's interventional cardiologist(s) and cardiac surgeon(s) must jointly participate in the intra-operative technical aspects of TAVR.
- 4. TAVR must be furnished in a hospital with the appropriate infrastructure that includes but is not limited to:
 - a. On-site heart valve surgery and *interventional cardiology programs*,
 - b. Post-procedure intensive care facility with personnel experienced in managing patients who have undergone open-heart valve procedures,
 - c. Appropriate volume requirements per the applicable qualifications below:

There are two sets of qualifications; the first set outlined below is for hospital programs and heart teams without previous TAVR experience and the second set is for those with TAVR experience.

Qualifications to begin a TAVR program for hospitals without TAVR experience:

The hospital program must have the following:

- a. \geq 50 open heart surgeries in the previous year prior to TAVR program initiation, and;
- b. \geq 20 aortic valve related procedures in the 2 years prior to TAVR program initiation, and;

- c. ≥ 2 physicians with cardiac surgery privileges, and;
- *d.* \geq 1 physician with interventional cardiology privileges, and;
- e. ≥ 300 percutaneous coronary interventions (PCIs) per year.

Qualifications to begin a TAVR program for heart teams without TAVR experience:

The heart team must include:

- a. Cardiovascular surgeon with:
 - i. ≥ 100 career open heart surgeries of which ≥ 25 are a ortic valve related; and,
- b. Interventional cardiologist with:
 - i. Professional experience of ≥ 100 career structural heart disease procedures; or, ≥ 30 left-sided structural procedures per year; and,
 - ii. Device-specific training as required by the manufacturer.

Qualifications for hospital programs with TAVR experience:

The hospital program must maintain the following:

- a. \geq 50 AVRs (TAVR or SAVR) per year including \geq 20 TAVR procedures in the prior year ; or,
- b. \geq 100 AVRs (TAVR or SAVR) every 2 years, including \geq 40 TAVR procedures in the prior 2 years; and,
- c. ≥ 2 physicians with cardiac surgery privileges; and,
- *d.* \geq 1 physician with interventional cardiology privileges, and
- e. \geq 300 percutaneous coronary interventions (PCIs) per year; and,
- 5. The heart team and hospital are participating in a prospective, national, audited registry that: 1) consecutively enrolls TAVR patients; 2) accepts all manufactured devices; 3) follows the patient for at least one year; and, 4) complies with relevant regulations relating to protecting human research subjects, including 45 CFR Part 46 and 21 CFR Parts 50 & 56.

The following outcomes must be tracked by the registry; and the registry must be designed to permit identification and analysis of patient, practitioner and facility level variables that predict each of these outcomes:

- i. Stroke;
- ii. All-cause mortality;
- iii. Transient Ischemic Attacks (TIAs);
- iv. Major vascular events;
- v. Acute kidney injury;
- vi. Repeat aortic valve procedures;
- vii. New permanent pacemaker implantation;
- viii. Quality of Life (QoL).
- 6. The registry *shall* collect all data necessary and have a written executable analysis plan in place to address the following questions (to appropriately address some questions, Medicare claims or other outside data may be necessary). *Specifically, for the CED question iv, this must be addressed through a composite metric. For the below CED questions (i-iv), the results must be reported publicly as described in CED criterion k.*
 - i. When performed outside a controlled clinical study, how do outcomes and adverse events compare to the pivotal clinical studies?
 - ii. What is the long term durability of the device?
 - iii. What are the long term outcomes and adverse events?
 - iv. What morbidity and procedure-related factors contribute to TAVR patients outcomes?

Consistent with section 1142 of the Act, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) supports clinical research studies that CMS determines meet the above-listed standards and address the above-listed research questions.

B. TAVR is covered for uses that are not expressly listed as an FDA-approved indication when performed within a clinical study that fulfills all of the following:

- 1. The heart team's interventional cardiologist(s) and cardiac surgeon(s) must jointly participate in the intra-operative technical aspects of TAVR.
- 2. As a fully-described, written part of its protocol, the clinical research study must critically evaluate not only each patient's quality of life pre- and post-TAVR (minimum of 1 year), but must also address at least one of the following questions:
 - What is the incidence of stroke?
 - What is the rate of all-cause mortality?
 - What is the incidence of new permanent pacemaker implantation?
 - What is the incidence of transient ischemic attacks (TIAs)?
 - What is the incidence of major vascular events?
 - What is the incidence of acute kidney injury?
 - What is the incidence of repeat aortic valve procedures?
- 3. The clinical study must adhere to the following standards of scientific integrity and relevance to the Medicare population:
 - a. The principal purpose of the study is to test whether the item or service meaningfully improves health outcomes of affected beneficiaries who are represented by the enrolled subjects.
 - b. The *rationale for the study* is well supported by available scientific and medical evidence.
 - c. The study *results are* not *anticipated to* unjustifiably duplicate existing knowledge.
 - d. The study design is *methodologically* appropriate *and the anticipated number of enrolled subjects is sufficient* to answer the research question(*s*) being asked in the National Coverage Determination.
 - e. The study is sponsored by an organization or individual capable of *completing it* successfully.
 - f. The research study is in compliance with all applicable Federal regulations concerning the protection of human subjects found in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 45 CFR Part 46. If a study is regulated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), it is also in compliance with 21 CFR Parts 50 and 56. In addition, to further enhance the protection of human subjects in studies conducted under CED, the study must provide and obtain meaningful informed consent from patients regarding the risks associated with the study items and /or services, and the use and eventual disposition of the collected data.
 - g. All aspects of the research study are conducted according to appropriate standards of scientific integrity.
 - h. The study has a written protocol that clearly *demonstrates adherence* to the standards listed here as Medicare requirements.
 - i. The study is not designed to exclusively test toxicity or disease pathophysiology in healthy individuals. *Such studies may* meet this *requirement* only if the disease or condition being

studied is life threatening as defined in 21 CFR §312.81(a) and the patient has no other viable treatment options.

- *j.* The clinical research studies and registries are registered on the www.ClinicalTrials.gov website by the principal sponsor/investigator prior to the enrollment of the first study subject. Registries are also registered in the Agency for Healthcare Quality (AHRQ) Registry of Patient Registries (RoPR).
- k. The research study protocol specifies the method and timing of public release of all prespecified outcomes to be measured including release of outcomes if outcomes are negative or study is terminated early. The results must be made public within 12 months of the *study's* primary completion date, which is the date the final subject had final data collection for the primary endpoint, even if the trial does not achieve its primary aim. The results must include number started/completed, summary results for primary and secondary outcome measures, statistical analyses, and adverse events. Final results must be reported in a publicly accessibly manner; either in a peer-reviewed scientific journal (in print or on-line), in an on-line publicly accessible registry dedicated to the dissemination of clinical trial information such as ClinicalTrials.gov, or in journals willing to publish in abbreviated format (e.g., for studies with negative or incomplete results).
- 1. The *study* protocol must explicitly discuss beneficiary subpopulations affected by the *item or service* under investigation, particularly traditionally underrepresented groups in clinical studies, how the inclusion and exclusion criteria effect enrollment of these populations, and a plan for the retention and reporting of said populations on the trial. If the inclusion and exclusion criteria are expected to have a negative effect on the recruitment or retention of underrepresented populations, the protocol must discuss why these criteria are necessary.
- m. The *study* protocol explicitly discusses how the results are or are not expected to be generalizable to *affected beneficiary subpopulations*. Separate discussions in the protocol may be necessary for populations eligible for Medicare due to age, disability or Medicaid eligibility.

Consistent with section 1142 of the Act, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) supports clinical research studies that meet the above-listed standards and address the above-listed research questions.

The principal investigator must submit the complete study protocol, identify the relevant CMS research question(s) that will be addressed, and cite the location of the detailed analysis plan for those questions in the protocol, plus provide a statement addressing how the study satisfies each of the standards of scientific integrity (a. through m. listed above), as well as the investigator's contact information, to the address below. The information will be reviewed, and approved studies will be identified on the CMS Website.

Director, Coverage and Analysis Group *Re: TAVR CED* Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) 7500 Security Blvd., Mail Stop S3-02-01 Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

Email address for protocol submissions: clinicalstudynotification@cms.hhs.gov Email subject line: "CED [NCD topic (i.e. TAVR)] [name of sponsor/primary investigator]"

C. Nationally Non-Covered Indications

TAVR is not covered for patients in whom existing co-morbidities would preclude the expected benefit from correction of the aortic stenosis.

D. Other

NA

(This NCD last reviewed June 2019)