



Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit (APTC) Program Assessment Report

for

Rocky Mountain Hospital and Medical Service, Inc. (Colorado)

June 2, 2023

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I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Background

Rocky Mountain Hospital and Medical Service, Inc. (Anthem BCBS) is a health insurance issuer that offered qualified health plans (QHPs) in the individual market State-Based Exchange (SBE) in Colorado (CO) during the 2016 benefit year. The state of Colorado submitted Anthem BCBS's final restated 2016 benefit year data in the November 2017 Enrollment and Payment Data Workbook (EPDW). The issuer received a total of \$54,625,989.47 in advance payments of the premium tax credit (APTC) from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and the SBE reported a total of \$117,269,233.08 in premiums for the issuer's 2016 benefit year individual market plans.

This report is an assessment, conducted in coordination with the SBE, of Anthem BCBS's compliance with the APTC program established in sections 1401 and 1412 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Pub. L. 111–148) enacted on March 23, 2010, and further amended and revised by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111–152) enacted on March 30, 2010 (collectively referred to throughout as ACA), and implementing regulations. This report also details the results of the assessment of premiums for information purposes only.

Audits to Determine Compliance with the Administration of APTC Program

Under title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) sections [155.1210](#) and [156.480](#), the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) may audit¹ issuers that offer a QHP in the individual market through an Exchange to assess the degree of compliance with the APTC program requirements. HHS designates CMS to conduct these audits and to achieve the following objectives:

- Safeguard Federal funds;
- Instill confidence amongst regulated entities of data quality, soundness, and robustness;
- Evaluate health insurance issuer compliance with program rules and regulations; and
- Develop a successful and coordinated risk-based, multi-year audit program that maximizes resources.

This audit is part of CMS's program to validate the enrollment and payment data reported in the final 2016 EPDW submitted by the SBE, and to analyze controls and policies of selected issuers pursuant to the authority defined in 45 CFR §§ 155.1210 and 156.480.

¹ To provide the flexibility needed when standing up a new oversight program and to ensure that issuers are able to provide CMS with their most accurate data, audit protocols allow for dialogue between auditor and issuer to identify and correct errors in data submission that differ somewhat from some independence and reporting standards laid out under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS). These procedures were defined and executed consistent with the competence, integrity, and analytical discipline required for performance audits as defined by GAGAS.

The findings and observations are documented below. If CMS found an instance of issuer non-compliance with APTC program requirements that requires correction to the APTC reported in the final EPDW, then CMS classified it as a *finding*. If CMS found a deviation from CMS or Exchange requirements that we are calling to the attention of management for purposes of improving compliance in future program years, but that does not require correction to payment, then CMS categorized it as an *observation*.

Results of Review

CMS identified four (4) findings and six (6) observations for Anthem BCBS. The net APTC financial impact of the four (4) audit findings is an overstatement of \$156,560.91 in APTC in the final EPDW submitted by the SBE and therefore a payment due to CMS of \$156,560.91, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS. The net premium impact of the six (6) observations is an understatement of \$2,146,525.91 in premiums in the final EPDW submitted by the SBE. The findings and observations include the following:

Findings:

1. Differences in APTC amounts identified in the comparison of the issuer's data included in the November 2017 EPDW submitted by the SBE to a Payment Desk Audit File containing subscriber level data from Anthem BCBS's systems;
2. Inclusion of incorrectly prorated APTC and payment data for four (4) duplicate subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File;
3. Inclusion of incorrectly prorated APTC payment data for forty-three (43) subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File; and
4. Inclusion of incorrect APTC amounts that were more than the premium amounts for two (2) subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File.

Observations:

1. Differences in premium amounts identified in the comparison of the issuer's data included in the November 2017 EPDW submitted by the SBE to a Payment Desk Audit File containing subscriber level data from Anthem BCBS's systems;
2. Inclusion of enrollment and premium data in the Payment Desk Audit File for three (3) subscribers with coverage that was not effectuated in the issuer's systems;
3. Inclusion of incorrectly prorated premium and payment data for seven (7) duplicate subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File;
4. Inclusion of incorrectly prorated premium data for one hundred and seventy-nine (179) subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File;
5. Inclusion of incorrect premium amounts that were less than the APTC amounts for one (1) subscriber in the Payment Desk Audit File; and
6. Inclusion of enrollment and premium data for one (1) subscriber with a coverage period of five (5) days or fewer that was not effectuated in the Payment Desk Audit File.

Please refer to section IV for details on the findings and observations listed above, including the condition, cause, effect, corrective actions, and the issuer's responses.

II. BACKGROUND, OBJECTIVES, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY

A. Background

Sections 1401 and 1412 of the ACA established the APTC program to support the provision of affordable health care coverage to individuals.

CMS has the responsibility to confirm successful implementation of, and adherence to, the ACA provisions and implementing regulations governing the APTC program. As such, CMS established this audit program.

Interim Payment Process

In 2014, CMS implemented a temporary process (“interim payment process”) to calculate and make monthly payments of APTC and advance cost-sharing reduction (CSR) amounts. CMS used this interim payment process to calculate payments for all SBE issuers for the 2014-2017 benefit years. CMS transitioned most SBE issuers to policy-based payments (PBP) in 2018 and transitioned the last SBE to PBP in 2020.

For the 2016 benefit year, the interim payment process required SBE submitters, including the state of CO, to submit enrollment and payment data on behalf of its issuers on a monthly basis, including any adjustments to previous months’ requests, via manual submission of an EPDW, and to attest to the accuracy of the data. SBE submitters were required to calculate the QHP enrollment and payment amounts and to submit that information in the EPDW using their internal source data.

CMS calculated and made monthly payments based on the QHP data submitted in the EPDW. While using this interim process, CMS designed and implemented a robust set of internal controls within a larger program integrity framework to ensure payment accuracy. CMS required submitters to send the following QHP plan information at the variant level via the password-protected template:

1. State
2. Tax Identification Number (TIN)
3. Health Insurance Oversight System (HIOS) ID
4. QHP ID
5. Total premium amount for all enrollments
6. Total APTC amount
7. Total advance CSR amount
8. Total effectuated enrollment groups
9. Total effectuated enrollment groups with APTC
10. Total effectuated enrollment groups with advance CSR
11. Total effectuated members
12. Total effectuated members with APTC
13. Total effectuated members with advance CSR

CMS conducted a SBE payment close-out process for the 2016 benefit year in which CMS compared the EPDW data against the policy-level reporting (PLR) data submitted by the SBE. The PLR data was based on the monthly submissions that SBEs sent to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for reporting purposes and contained cumulative individual market enrollment APTC data. CMS requested that SBEs append an additional field for the QHP ID for each policy and separately submit the data to CMS for this purpose. CMS asked SBEs or SBE issuers to explain any outlier discrepancies between EPDW and PLR data and to re-submit the EPDW, if necessary, or to verify that payment data was accurate despite discrepancies with PLR data.

B. Regulations Governing APTC Program

CMS established an audit protocol to assess health insurance issuers' compliance with the following regulations governing APTC program:

- [45 CFR § 155.1210](#): Maintenance of Records;
- [45 CFR § 156.460](#): Reduction of enrollee's share of premium to account for advance payments of the premium tax credit; and
- [45 CFR § 156.480](#): Oversight of the administration of the cost-sharing reductions and advance payments of the premium tax credit programs.

Please refer to Appendix 2 for the specific requirements established under the authorities listed above.

C. Objectives

The objectives of this audit are to:

- (1) Evaluate the accuracy and integrity of SBE-generated EPDW data reported for premiums and the APTC program;
- (2) Identify potential CMS APTC payment errors resulting from issuer or SBE data reporting errors; and
- (3) Test accuracy and integrity of issuer processes for reducing an enrollee's share of premium to account for APTCs.

D. Scope and Methodology

CMS selected Anthem BCBS for an audit to assess the issuer's compliance with 45 CFR §§ 155.1210, 156.460 and 156.480. CMS evaluated Anthem BCBS's activities related to the 2016 benefit year (January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016) individual market data reported in the final EPDW submitted in November 2017 by the SBE to CMS to support APTC payments and premium amounts.

CMS sent Anthem BCBS an electronic letter on December 19, 2019, to notify them of the scope of this audit. CMS's audit contractor sent a follow-up letter to Anthem BCBS on December 20, 2019, that identified data requirements required to conduct the audit. CMS's audit contractor reviewed the audit data file submitted by Anthem BCBS, as well as the final 2016 EPDW submitted by the SBE to CMS and the PLR data submitted by the SBE to CMS, and used CMS's audit procedures to assess compliance with APTC program rules and regulations.

CMS's audit contractor applied CMS's audit protocol to identify the findings and observations listed in section IV of this report. CMS's audit contractor performed the following procedures²:

- Validations of the Payment Desk Audit File data submitted to CMS:
 - EPDW Validations: Review and comparison of the SBE's final submitted 2016 EPDW to the Payment Desk Audit File from the issuer's systems.
 - Unreconciled Subscribers Review: Review and comparison of the subscribers reported in the Payment Desk Audit File to the subscribers included in the SBE's PLR data to determine if the subscribers existed and their coverage was effectuated in the issuer's system (i.e., the amount the subscriber is responsible to pay toward the first month's total premium amount has been paid in full by the subscriber).
 - Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check: Review of the Payment Desk Audit File containing subscriber level data from the issuer's systems to verify that duplicate Exchange-assigned subscriber IDs (i.e., Exchange-assigned subscriber IDs that were reported in the file twice in the same month with full month or incorrectly prorated payment data) were not reported in the file.
 - Proration Check: Review of the Payment Desk Audit File to verify that the subscribers' premium and APTC amounts reported in the file for partial months of enrollment were appropriately prorated, if applicable (i.e., if the issuer applied proration for the 2016 benefit year).
 - Premium Less than APTC Validation: Review of the Payment Desk Audit File to verify that the subscribers' premium amounts reported in the file were not less than the APTC amounts reported in the file.
 - Coverage Days Validation: Review of the Payment Desk Audit File to verify that enrollments of five (5) days or fewer reported in the file were effectuated and had active coverage in the issuer's systems.
- Validations on samples of issuer's systems data:
 - Forty-five (45) Subscribers Sample Review: Review and comparison of the coverage periods, premium and APTC amounts from the issuer's systems to the corresponding data included in the SBE's PLR data for a selected sample of forty-five (45) subscribers.
 - Fifteen (15) Subscribers Sample Review: Analysis and review of data and documentation from the issuer's systems to verify effectuation and the appropriate application of premium and APTC amounts to policies for a selected sample of fifteen (15) subscribers.
- Policy and Procedure Review: Review of issuer APTC policies and procedures for completeness and clarity.

² The Payment Desk Audit File is CMS's standard document for issuers to provide information in support of this audit.

III. RESULTS OF REVIEW

CMS assessed issuer compliance with regulations using the following procedures: EPDW Validations, Unreconciled Subscribers Review, Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check, Proration Check, Premium Less than APTC Validation, Coverage Days Validation, Forty-five (45) Subscribers Sample Review, Fifteen (15) Subscribers Sample Review, and Policy and Procedure Review.

To build collaborative relationships and identify process improvements that support program integrity goals, CMS conducted a discrepancy phase following the review of the initial audit data submission to work with the issuer to resolve or reduce audit findings, thereby improving compliance. Additional follow-up with the SBE was performed as necessary to confirm or resolve the identified audit findings. Below are the results of this review following the discrepancy phase.

EPDW Validations

One (1) finding and one (1) observation resulted from the comparison of the final 2016 EPDW submitted by the SBE to Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File. Please refer to Finding No. 1 and Observation No. 1 included in section IV for details on the finding and observation.

Unreconciled Subscribers Review

No findings and one (1) observation resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File to determine if the subscribers reported in the file existed in the SBE's PLR data and their coverage was effectuated in the issuer's systems. Please refer to Observation No. 2 included in section IV for details on the observation.

Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check

One (1) finding and one (1) observation resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File to verify that duplicate Exchange-assigned subscriber IDs were not reported in the file. Please refer to Finding No. 2 and Observation No. 3 included in section IV for details on the finding and observation.

Proration Check

One (1) finding and one (1) observation resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File to verify that correctly prorated payment data, if applicable, was reported in the file. Please refer to Finding No. 3 and Observation No. 4 included in section IV for details on the finding and observation.

Premium Less than APTC Validation

One (1) finding and one (1) observation resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File to verify that subscribers were not reported in the file with premium amounts that were less than the APTC amounts. Please refer to Finding No. 4 and Observation No. 5 included in section IV for details on the finding and observation.

Coverage Days Validation

No findings and one (1) observation resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk

Audit File to verify that enrollments of five (5) days or fewer reported in the file were effectuated and had active coverage in the issuer's systems. Please refer to Observation No. 6 included in section IV for details on the observation.

Forty-five (45) Subscribers Sample Review

No findings or observations resulted from the review and comparison of the data from Anthem BCBS's systems to the corresponding data included in the SBE's PLR data to determine accuracy of the reported enrollment months and the application of premium and APTC for a selected sample of forty-five (45) subscribers.

Fifteen (15) Subscribers Sample Review

No findings or observations resulted from the review of the data and documentation from Anthem BCBS's systems to verify effectuation and the appropriate application of premium and APTC amounts to policies for a selected sample of fifteen (15) subscribers.

Policy and Procedure Review

No findings or observations resulted from the review of Anthem BCBS's APTC policies and procedures.

IV. FINDINGS AND OBSERVATIONS

A finding is an identification of an instance of issuer non-compliance with APTC program requirements that requires correction to payment. CMS's audit procedures identified four (4) findings, which resulted in a change to the APTC amounts reported in Anthem BCBS's EPDW submitted by the SBE for individual market plans for the 2016 benefit year.

An observation is a deviation from CMS or Exchange requirements that we are calling to the attention of management for purposes of improving compliance in future program years but that does not require correction to payment. CMS's audit procedures identified six (6) observations, consisting of six (6) observations that resulted in a change to the premium amounts reported in Anthem BCBS's EPDW submitted by the SBE for individual market plans for the 2016 benefit year.

In light of the four (4) findings and six (6) observations, the adjusted 2016 benefit year EPDW APTC and premium amounts for individual market plans are shown in the following table.

Recalculated EPDW for the 2016 Benefit Year

	APTC	Premium (Observations)
EPDW as Filed by the SBE in November 2017	\$54,625,989.47	\$117,269,233.08
Finding No. 1 and Observation No. 1 - EPDW Validations Adjustment	\$(147,173.12)	\$2,220,993.46
Observation No. 2 – Unreconciled Subscribers Review Adjustment	\$0.00	\$(15,723.58)
Finding No. 2 and Observation No. 3 – Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check Adjustment	\$(2,065.91)	\$(5,198.52)
Finding No. 3 and Observation No. 4 – Proration Check	\$(5,737.04)	\$(52,692.74)
Finding No. 4 and Observation No. 5 –	\$(1,584.84)	\$241.77

	APTC	Premium (Observations)
Premium Less Than APTC Validation Adjustment		
Observation No. 6 – Coverage Days Validation Adjustment	\$0.00	\$(1,094.48)
EPDW As Recalculated	\$54,469,428.56	\$119,415,758.99
Total Impact	\$(156,560.91)	\$2,146,525.91*

Note: Positive APTC values indicate funds owed to the issuer.

The net financial impact of the four (4) findings is a payment due to CMS of \$156,560.91, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS.

*Note: The premium impact of the six (6) observations is an understatement of \$2,146,525.91 in premiums. The premium impact is noted for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.

For the four (4) findings and six (6) observations, CMS documented the criteria, cause, effect, corrective actions, and Anthem BCBS's responses as seen in the charts below.

Finding No. 1 and Observation No. 1 – EPDW Validations	
Condition:	<p>APTC Differences (Finding) – For one (1) or more months of 2016 benefit year enrollment in thirty-five (35) QHPs, the net “total APTC Amount by QHP ID for effectuated enrollments” included in Anthem BCBS's EPDW submitted by the SBE was greater than the total APTC amount included in Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File, resulting in an overpayment of \$147,173.12 in APTC. For the one (1) or more months of 2016 benefit year enrollment in thirty-five (35) QHPs, the total net enrollment in the EPDW was understated by two hundred and thirty (230) APTC enrollment groups and one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-four (1,864) APTC members.</p> <p>Premium Differences (Observation) – For one (1) or more months of 2016 benefit year enrollment in thirty-seven (37) QHPs, the net “total Premium Amount by QHP ID for effectuated enrollments” included in Anthem BCBS's EPDW submitted by the SBE was less than the total premium amount included in Anthem BCBS's Payment Desk Audit File, resulting in an understatement of \$2,220,993.46 in premiums. For the one (1) or more months of 2016 benefit year enrollment in thirty-seven (37) QHPs, the total net enrollment in the EPDW was understated by six thousand, five hundred and thirty-three (6,533)</p>

Finding No. 1 and Observation No. 1 – EPDW Validations	
	enrollment groups and six thousand, four hundred and seventy-four (6,474) members.
Criteria:	<p>Pursuant to CMS guidance and EPDW submission requirements:</p> <p>The “total APTC amount by QHP ID for effectuated enrollments” submitted on the EPDW is the “total APTC toward the total premium amount for effectuated enrollments within a 16-digit QHP ID.”</p> <p>The “total premium amount by QHP ID for effectuated enrollments” submitted on the EPDW is the “total premium amount for the health coverage for all effectuated enrollments within that plan.”</p>
Cause:	<p>The issuer indicated that discrepancies are due to comparing two distinct sources of data, the Connect for Health Colorado EPDW and the 1A Payment Desk Audit File. Anthem BCBS speculated variances are due to missed effectuations, missed terminations, manual inputs, midmonth financial changes, processing errors, grievance and appeal adjustments.</p> <p>The SBE indicated “from our review we can assume the nature of the discrepancies in these plans can be applied to the other plans we did not review. The reason we can be confident in the result of the random review, is our process is systematic and we provide the issuer ample reports to reconcile to our system. We process Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) batch files daily, there are three files 1) initial enrollment, 2) cancelations and terminations and 3) enrollment updates. Sometime the files cannot be processed by the carrier via EDI. We provide the issuer with the change report and the changes are made manually by the issuer. Also, we provide the issuer with the detail and summary EPDW reports we send CMS. We noted multiple occurrences of disenrolled subscribers that were still included in the data of the issuer. We found updated APTC amounts were not corrected in the data of the issuer. We also noted multiple occurrences of total APTC amount for a household was included for all subscribers, therefore doubling the amount of APTC for each subscriber. We can only conclude that there must be a point when the issuer stops updating the information for the subscriber, understandable from a business point of view.”</p> <p>Therefore, the SBE agreed with the discrepancy noted between the premium and APTC amounts reported on the issuer’s Payment Desk Audit File and the premium and APTC amounts reported on the EPDW submitted in November 2017.</p>

Finding No. 1 and Observation No. 1 – EPDW Validations	
Effect:	<p>The APTC and premium differences resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS's final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.</p> <p>Pursuant to CMS audit procedures for SBEs that submitted workbooks to CMS, in the event that the issuer's Payment Desk Audit File and audit response indicates that an overpayment was received, CMS will adjust payment by pulling back the unsubstantiated APTC overpayment.</p>
Corrective Action Required:	<p>The net financial impact of this finding is a payment due to CMS of \$147,173.12, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS. Anthem BCBS should confirm the financial impact by filling out Appendix 1.</p> <p>The premium impact of this observation is an understatement of \$2,220,993.46 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.</p>
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above finding and observation.

Observation No. 2 – Unreconciled Subscribers Review	
Condition:	Anthem BCBS overstated the 2016 benefit year premium amounts for three (3) subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File by reporting enrollment and payment data for subscribers with coverage that was not effectuated.
Criteria:	<p>Pursuant to the Colorado SBE guidance, "the following timing policies and procedures should be applied to initial enrollments in the Individual Exchange.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For a QHP selection received via 834 by the Exchange from the qualified individual between the 1-15th days of any month, coverage must be ensured the first day of the following month. Example: Enrollment submitted on January 15th = Effective February 1st. For a QHP selection received via 834 by the Exchange between the 16th and last day of the month, coverage must be ensured the first day of the second following month. Example: Enrollment received on January 16th = Effective March 1st.

Observation No. 2 – Unreconciled Subscribers Review

- In order for the effective date on the 834 to remain and go into effect, the payment for the Individual must have been successfully processed (if electronic payment) or postmarked (if by check) by the 25th of the month before coverage begins. The carrier must give the consumer at least through the 25th of the month before coverage to pay for the premium. If the carrier wishes to provide the consumer with additional time to pay, that is acceptable so long as the effective date and premium amount are the same as what was sent in the initial 834.

Example A: Payment Made on Time for Initial Effective Date
834 sent 2/16 with effective date of 4/1

Payment Processed OR Check Postmarked: 3/25

Coverage begins: 4/1

- If payment is not postmarked or completed on the 25th or the more lenient date specified by the carrier, the carrier should:
 - Send a notice to the consumer that coverage has not begun and that payment is due.
 - Send an 834 cancellation to C4HCO.
 - C4HCO will notify the member that their coverage has not begun and that they must repeat the enrollment process.
- Since carriers will cancel the enrollments without corresponding payments, it is unlikely that there should be “orphaned” enrollments that were not effectuated. As an added precaution, C4HCO will run regular reports on initial enrollments that have been sent and not effectuated by the carrier. C4HCO will work with each carrier to investigate orphaned enrollments and seek a resolution. This may include reach out to the consumer and also a system update to remove or remedy the pending 834 files.”

Additionally, pursuant to CMS guidance and EPDW submission requirements, the EPDW should include data for effectuated enrollments where an effectuated enrollment is described as “any enrollment in which the amount the enrollment group is responsible to pay toward the total premium amount has been paid in full by the enrollment group.”

Cause:

The issuer indicated that for three (3) subscribers, either the subscribers’ payment responsibility was not received, or the subscriber was cancelled and not effectuated in their system.

Observation No. 2 – Unreconciled Subscribers Review	
Effect:	The inclusion of the three (3) non-effectuated enrollments resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS's final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.
Corrective Action Required:	The premium impact of this observation is an overstatement of \$15,723.58 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above observation.

Finding No. 2 and Observation No. 3 – Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check	
Condition:	Anthem BCBS overstated the 2016 benefit year premium amounts for seven (7) subscribers and overstated the benefit year APTC amounts for four (4) of those subscribers, in the Payment Desk Audit File by reporting incorrectly prorated payment data for the subscribers more than once in the same month.
Criteria:	<p>Issuers cannot request full month payment from CMS for the same subscriber twice within a month.</p> <p>Pursuant to 45 CFR § 155.240, Exchanges may establish one or more standard processes for premium calculation. Additionally, the issuer's policies and procedures note that "while Anthem has policies and procedures that apply when these instances occur, they are not codified and are not applicable to the State Based Exchanges based upon their proration policies or lack thereof."</p> <p>Anthem followed any State Based Exchange proration policies provided by the CT and CO Exchanges.</p>
Cause:	The issuer indicated that the duplicate records were due to mid-month financial change and the addition of dependents resulting from the issuer incorrectly reporting duplicate records on the Payment Desk Audit file. The issuer provided the correct premium and APTC amounts as well as the correct coverage period to recalculate the financial impact.

Finding No. 2 and Observation No. 3 – Duplicate Exchange-assigned Subscriber IDs Check	
Effect:	The inclusion of incorrectly prorated payment data for the seven (7) duplicate subscribers resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS's final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.
Corrective Action Required:	<p>The net financial impact of this finding is a payment due to CMS of \$2,065.91, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS. Anthem BCBS should confirm the financial impact by filling out Appendix 1.</p> <p>The premium impact of this observation is an overstatement of \$5,198.52 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.</p>
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above finding and observation.

Finding No. 3 and Observation No. 4 – Proration Check	
Condition:	Anthem BCBS reported incorrectly prorated 2016 benefit year premium amounts for one hundred and seventy-nine (179) subscribers, and incorrectly prorated 2016 benefit year APTC amounts for forty-three (43) of those subscribers, in the Payment Desk Audit File.
Criteria:	<p>Pursuant to 45 CFR § 155.240, Exchanges may establish one or more standard processes for premium calculation. Additionally, the issuer's policies and procedures note that "while Anthem has policies and procedures that apply when these instances occur, they are not codified and are not applicable to the State Based Exchanges based upon their proration policies or lack thereof."</p> <p>Anthem followed any State Based Exchange proration policies provided by the CO Exchanges. Anthem prorates premiums because under state law they cannot charge the member premium for a period of time for which we did not provide coverage. Anthem did not prorate APTC because they did not receive prorated financials and were not given specific proration guidance from the SBE."</p>
Cause:	The issuer indicated the differences were due to mid-month dependent additions, mid-month terminations, proration of premium and APTC amounts based on a 30-day cycle for all months, and incorrect reporting of subscribers' benefit end date in the Payment Desk Audit file (termination date is the date prior to the reported date). The issuer provided the correct prorated premium and APTC amounts as well as

Finding No. 3 and Observation No. 4 – Proration Check	
	the correct coverage dates for the subscribers that were calculated based on their internal mid-month change policy.
Effect:	The inclusion of the incorrectly prorated payment data for the one hundred and seventy-nine (179) subscribers resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS's final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.
Corrective Action Required:	<p>The net financial impact of this finding is a payment due to CMS of \$5,737.04, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS. Anthem BCBS should confirm the financial impact by filling out Appendix 1.</p> <p>The premium impact of this observation is an overstatement of \$52,692.74 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.</p>
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above finding and observation.

Finding No. 4 and Observation No. 5 – Premium Less than APTC Validation	
Condition:	Anthem BCBS reported 2016 benefit year premium amounts that were less than the APTC amounts for three (3) subscribers in the Payment Desk Audit File resulting from overstating the APTC amounts for two (2) subscribers and understating the premium amounts for one (1) subscriber in the Payment Desk Audit File.
Criteria:	Issuers cannot report an APTC amount that exceeds the premium amount for a policy.
Cause:	The issuer indicated that premium and APTC errors were the result of that processing errors and issuer defects reflected in the Payment Desk Audit file.
Effect:	The inclusion of the incorrect APTC and premium amounts for three (3) subscribers resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS's final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.
Corrective Action Required:	The net financial impact of this finding is a payment due to CMS of \$1,584.84, consisting of APTC to be returned to CMS. Anthem BCBS should confirm the financial impact by filling out Appendix 1.

Finding No. 4 and Observation No. 5 – Premium Less than APTC Validation	
	The premium impact of this observation is an understatement of \$241.77 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above finding and observation.

Observation No. 6 – Coverage Days Validation	
Condition:	Anthem BCBS overstated the 2016 benefit year premium amounts for one (1) subscriber in the Payment Desk Audit File by incorrectly reporting enrollments that were not effectuated.
Criteria:	<p>Pursuant to the Colorado SBE guidance, “the following timing policies and procedures should be applied to initial enrollments in the Individual Exchange.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For a QHP selection received via 834 by the Exchange from the qualified individual between the 1-15th days of any month, coverage must be ensured the first day of the following month. Example: Enrollment submitted on January 15th = Effective February 1st • For a QHP selection received via 834 by the Exchange between the 16th and last day of the month, coverage must be ensured the first day of the second following month. Example: Enrollment received on January 16th = Effective March 1st • In order for the effective date on the 834 to remain and go into effect, the payment for the Individual must have been successfully processed (if electronic payment) or postmarked (if by check) by the 25th of the month before coverage begins. The carrier must give the consumer at least through the 25th of the month before coverage to pay for the premium. If the carrier wishes to provide the consumer with additional time to pay, that is acceptable so long as the effective date and premium amount are the same as what was sent in the initial 834. Example A: Payment Made on Time for Initial Effective Date 834 sent 2/16 with effective date of 4/1 Payment Processed OR Check Postmarked: 3/25 Coverage begins: 4/1

Observation No. 6 – Coverage Days Validation	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If payment is not postmarked or completed on the 25th or the more lenient date specified by the carrier, the carrier should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Send a notice to the consumer that coverage has not begun and that payment is due. ○ Send an 834 cancellation to C4HCO. ○ C4HCO will notify the member that their coverage has not begun and that they must repeat the enrollment process. • Since carriers will cancel the enrollments without corresponding payments, it is unlikely that there should be “orphaned” enrollments that were not effectuated. As an added precaution, C4HCO will run regular reports on initial enrollments that have been sent and not effectuated by the carrier. C4HCO will work with each carrier to investigate orphaned enrollments and seek a resolution. This may include reach out to the consumer and also a system update to remove or remedy the pending 834 files.” <p>Additionally, pursuant to CMS guidance, the issuer must create a single Inbound Payment Desk Audit File consisting of detailed enrollment group effectuated enrollment records (one per enrollment group, per month) with the corresponding payment data.</p>
Cause:	The issuer indicated the contract was cancelled, therefore, not effectuated.
Effect:	The inclusion of the enrollment and payment data for the one (1) subscriber resulted in a change to Anthem BCBS’s final, restated 2016 benefit year EPDW data submitted by the SBE.
Corrective Action Required:	The premium impact of this observation is an overstatement of \$1,094.48 in premiums. CMS notes this observation for purposes of improving compliance in future program years.
Management Response:	Anthem agrees with the above observation.

V. MANAGEMENT RESPONSES

Please provide management's response to the four (4) findings and six (6) observations identified in the draft audit report and complete the attached Appendix 1 - Issuer Management Response to Net Financial Adjustment (Appendix 1), within thirty (30) calendar days from the draft audit report date. Management's response should indicate agreement or disagreement.

Agreement

If management agrees with the four (4) findings and six (6) observations, complete the "Management Response" field of the findings and observations in the draft audit report, and initial "Agree" and sign the attached Appendix 1. Return the draft audit report including Appendix 1 within thirty (30) calendar days from the draft audit report date. Upon receipt of the signed Appendix 1, CMS will finalize and publish the report on the CCIIO webpage. CMS will process the final payment adjustment amount in the next available monthly payment cycle.

Disagreement

If management disagrees with the four (4) findings and corrective actions and six (6) observations, complete the "Management Response" field of the findings and observations in the draft audit report, and initial "Disagree" and sign the attached Appendix 1. Return the draft audit report including Appendix 1 and any supporting documentation that substantiates management's response within thirty (30) calendar days from the draft audit report date. This will be the final opportunity to provide information or supporting documentation to correct any inaccuracies in the report before it is finalized.

CMS will review the written explanations in the "Management Response" field of the findings and observations and any supporting documentation to determine if the report can be amended in a mutually acceptable manner. If you and CMS are unable to come to a mutually acceptable result, your response to this report will be included in the final published audit report.

Please return the updated Appendix 1 within fifteen (15) calendar days. Upon receipt of the signed Appendix 1, CMS will finalize and publish the report on the CCIIO webpage. CMS will process the final payment adjustment amount in the next available monthly payment cycle.

Appendix 1 – Issuer Management Response to Net Financial Adjustment

Issuer HIOS ID: 87269

Issuer Name: Rocky Mountain Hospital and Medical Service, Inc. (Anthem BCBS)

The undersigned Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or other individual who can legally and financially bind this issuer has reviewed the information included in the audit report of the issuer's 2016 benefit year APTC program participation, resulting in a payment of \$156,560.91 to be returned to CMS and:

(INITIAL) CR Agrees with the audit net adjustment amount above, confirming the audit finding(s) and observation(s), if applicable, and as such this report will be considered final and published.

OR

(INITIAL) _____ Disagrees and requests a review of additional information that may impact the audit net adjustment amount resulting from the 2016 benefit year audit. If review is requested, CMS will consider this draft only a preliminary audit report. If the review option is selected, you must provide a written explanation with any additional documentation when you return this response within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of this draft audit report. CMS will review the written explanation and any supporting documentation to determine if the report can be amended in a mutually acceptable manner. If you and CMS are unable to come to a mutually acceptable result, your response to this report will be included in the final published audit report.

Signed: _____



(Signature of authorized person acting on behalf of the issuer)

Printed Name: _____

Chris Rigg

(Print name of signature)

Title: _____

SVP & CFO CSBD

(Title of authorized person acting on behalf of the Issuer)

Telephone Number: _____

(317) 488-6887

(Direct Telephone Number)

Date: _____

June 26, 2023

Appendix 2 – Applicable Regulations

The following table identifies the specific regulatory requirements around which CMS has organized its audits.

Regulation	Rules
45 CFR § 155.1210 – Maintenance of Records	<p>(a) General. The State Exchange must maintain and must ensure its contractors, subcontractors, and agents maintain for 10 years, documents and records (whether paper, electronic, or other media) and other evidence of accounting procedures and practices, which are sufficient to do the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(1) Accommodate periodic auditing of the State Exchange's financial records; and(2) Enable HHS or its designee(s) to inspect facilities, or otherwise evaluate the State- Exchange's compliance with Federal standards. <p>(b) Records. The State Exchange and its contractors, subcontractors, and agents must ensure that the records specified in paragraph (a) of this section include, at a minimum, the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(1) Information concerning management and operation of the State Exchange's financial and other record keeping systems;(2) Financial statements, including cash flow statements, and accounts receivable and matters pertaining to the costs of operations;(3) Any financial reports filed with other Federal programs or State authorities;(4) Data and records relating to the State Exchange's eligibility verifications and determinations, enrollment transactions, appeals, and plan variation certifications; and(5) Qualified health plan contracting (including benefit review) data and consumer outreach and Navigator grant oversight information. <p>(c) Availability. A State Exchange must make all records and must ensure its contractors, subcontractors, and agents must make all records in paragraph (a) of this section available to HHS, the OIG, the Comptroller General, or their designees, upon request.</p>

Regulation	Rules
<p>45 CFR § 156.460 - Reduction of enrollee's share of premium to account for advance payments of the premium tax credit</p>	<p>(a) Reduction of enrollee's share of premium to account for advance payments of the premium tax credit. A QHP issuer that receives notice from the Exchange that an individual enrolled in the issuer's QHP is eligible for an advance payment of the premium tax credit must—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Reduce the portion of the premium charged to or for the individual for the applicable month(s) by the amount of the advance payment of the premium tax credit; (2) Notify the Exchange of the reduction in the portion of the premium charged to the individual in accordance with § 156.265(g); and (3) Include with each billing statement, as applicable, to or for the individual the amount of the advance payment of the premium tax credit for the applicable month(s), and the remaining premium owed.

Regulation	Rules
<p>45 CFR § 156.480 - Oversight of the administration of the cost-sharing reductions and advance payments of the premium tax credit programs.</p>	<p>(a) Maintenance of records. An issuer that offers a QHP in the individual market through a State Exchange must adhere to, and ensure that any relevant delegated entities and downstream entities adhere to, the standards set forth in § 156.705 concerning maintenance of documents and records, whether paper, electronic, or in other media, by issuers offering QHPs in a Federally-facilitated Exchange, in connection with cost-sharing reductions and advance payments of the premium tax credit.</p> <p>(b) Annual reporting requirements. For each benefit year, an issuer that offers a QHP in the individual market through an Exchange must report to HHS, in the manner and timeframe required by HHS, summary statistics specified by HHS with respect to administration of cost-sharing reduction and advance payments of the premium tax credit programs, including any failure to adhere to the standards set forth under § 156.410(a) through (d), § 156.425(a) through (b), and § 156.460(a) through (c) of this Part.</p> <p>(c) Audits. HHS or its designee may audit an issuer that offers a QHP in the individual market through an Exchange to assess compliance with the requirements of this subpart.</p>
<p>45 CFR § 156.705 – Maintenance of records for Federally-facilitated Exchanges</p>	<p>(a) General standard. Issuers offering QHPs in a Federally-facilitated Exchange must maintain all documents and records (whether paper, electronic, or other media) and other evidence of accounting procedures and practices, necessary for HHS to do the following:</p> <p>(1) Periodically audit financial records related to QHP issuers' participation in a Federally-facilitated Exchange, and evaluate the ability of QHP issuers to bear the risk of potential financial losses; and</p> <p>(2) Conduct compliance reviews or otherwise monitor QHP issuers' compliance with all Exchange standards applicable to issuers offering QHPs in a federally-facilitated Exchange as listed in this part.</p> <p>(b) Records. The records described in paragraph (a) of this section include the sources listed in § 155.1210(b)(2), (3), and (5) of this subchapter.</p> <p>(c) Record retention timeframe. Issuers offering QHPs in a Federally-facilitated Exchange must maintain all records referenced in paragraph (a) of this section for 10 years.</p> <p>(d) Record availability. Issuers offering QHPs in a Federally-facilitated Exchange must make all records in paragraph (a) of this section available to HHS, the OIG, the Comptroller General, or their designees, upon request.</p>

Appendix 3 – Glossary of Terms and Acronyms

Terms & Acronyms	Definition
APTC	Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
CSR	Cost-sharing Reduction
DHHS	Department of Health and Human Services
EPDW	Enrollment and Payment Data Workbook
GAGAS	Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards
HIOS	Health Insurance Oversight System
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
PPACA	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
PLR	Policy-level Reporting
QHP	Qualified Health Plan
SBE	State-based Exchange
TIN	Tax Identification Number