

GG0130B. Oral Hygiene

B. Oral hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from the mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.

Assessment Timepoints

Admission:

- Admission performance.
- Discharge goal.

Discharge:

- Discharge performance.

Oral Hygiene Inclusions and Exclusions for Coding

Included:

- Cleaning of teeth and dentures (and gums if edentulous).
- Management of items and equipment used to brush teeth and gums and clean/soak dentures.
- Insertion and removal of dentures.

Excluded:

- Walking to/from activity location.

Coding Tips

Oral hygiene identifies the patient's ability to clean teeth using suitable items. It includes the patient's ability to insert/remove dentures and to manage the soaking and rinsing of dentures with the use of equipment, if applicable.

Activity Performance Codes

- 06 – Independent.
- 05 – Setup or clean-up assistance.
- 04 – Supervision or touching assistance.
- 03 – Partial/moderate assistance.
- 02 – Substantial/maximal assistance.
- 01 – Dependent.

Coding Scenarios

Each row in the table below describes an oral hygiene scenario. In each scenario, statements 2 and 4 identify key elements that inform the coding of **GG0130B. Oral hygiene**. The correct code is provided at the end of each scenario.

Coding Scenarios for GG0130B. Oral Hygiene

	Statement 1	Statement 2	Statement 3	Statement 4	Code
Scenario 1	Patient P. brushes their teeth while sitting up in bed.	Each time, the CNA gathers the oral hygiene items and places them on the overbed table.	The CNA leaves the patient's room.	After Patient P. independently brushes their teeth, the CNA returns to gather and put away the items.	Code 05
Scenario 2	Patient B. suffered a recent stroke that resulted in functional and cognitive limitations.	Patient B. is able to brush their teeth at the bathroom sink but is unable to initiate the task on their own, requiring verbal prompts.	Patient B. uses an adaptive toothbrush.	The CNA remains at Patient B.'s side and provides verbal cueing during the activity until they complete the task of brushing their teeth.	Code 04
Scenario 3	Patient Z. has Parkinson's disease. They are edentulous and their dentures no longer fit their gums.	Due to hand tremors, the CNA applies toothpaste onto the toothbrush. Patient Z. begins to brush the front of their upper gums, but fatigues and cannot continue.	Patient Z. asks the CNA for help to lower themselves onto the toilet seat until they recover.	The CNA brushes the remaining portion of Patient Z.'s upper and lower gums to complete the oral hygiene activity.	Code 02
Scenario 4	Patient K. has dementia and COPD. The CNA assists them into the bathroom.	The CNA applies toothpaste onto the toothbrush and hands it to Patient K., who stares blankly at the toothbrush and sets it down.	Patient K. turns to leave the bathroom.	After redirection from the CNA, Patient K. still does not engage in brushing their teeth. The CNA completes the activity of oral hygiene.	Code 01

Additional Clinical Considerations

- The activity of oral hygiene may be completed with or without the use of assistive device(s).
- If the patient is edentulous (without teeth), code according to the type and amount of assistance the patient needs to complete the activity.